







UNESCO/IOC – NOAA ITIC Training Program in Hawaii (ITP-TEWS Chile)
TSUNAMI EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS
AND THE PACIFIC TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER (PTWC) ENHANCED PRODUCTS
TSUNAMI EVACUATION PLANNING AND UNESCO IOC TSUNAMI READY PROGRAMME
19-30 August 2024, Valparaiso, Chile

Responding Rapidly and Effectively: Tsunami Warning and Emergency Response Requirements and Timeline-driven SOPs

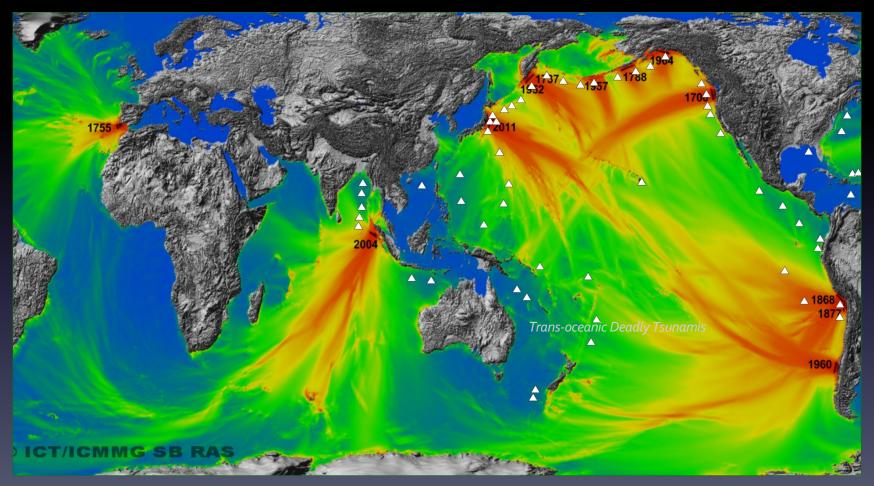
Dr. Laura Kong Director, ITIC, USA NOAA







Historical Teleseismic Tsunamis



TSUNAMI WARNING – 2 THREATS

LOCAL / REGIONAL:

- Generated nearby
- Strikes shore quickly (in minutes)
 - => NO TIME for official evacuation
- > Education, Awareness, Preparedness
- Every person recognizes / acts immediately

DISTANT / OCEAN-WIDE:

- Generated far away, instr detection
- Strikes shore later (2+ hours)
 => TIME for official evacuation
- Widespread Damage
- > Tsunami Warning Centre, then
- > People know what to do and where to go evacuate











SAVING LIVES BY EARLY WARNING







TWC - Science

DMO / EMA - Safety

Intl / Natl

Natl / Prov / Local Govt

Community

EQ

Race against Time

LIVES SAVED

WAVE

T=20 min

Effective Tsunami Warning

- 2 Key Stakeholders work closely together Warning, Response, Awareness, Preparedness
- NATIONAL TSUNAMI WARNING CENTER
 - Assess and confirm dangerous tsunami
- NATIONAL / LOCAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT
 - Assess threat to coastal community
 - Inform community/public what to do (Evacuate, All-Clear safe-to-return)
- COMMUNITIES ACT
 - Aware and prepared
 - How to receive warning, what to do, where to go



Taking Action – Timely Warnings

□ Goal:

Act fast w/o confusion

■ Requirements:

- Know what to do
 - □ Develop TWC and TER / DMO SOPs
- Practice
 - □ Test Communications end-to-end
 - □ Conduct Drills since tsunamis are infrequent





SOP Definition

"A description and procedure on agreed steps by institutions used in coordinating who, what, when, where and how for tsunami early warning and response"

Stakeholder Coordination is Essential

Warning Center

TSUNAMI COORDINATION COMMITTEE

Science Institutions

- Warning Coordination
- Preparedness & Mitigation

Hazard & Risk Assessment

Emergency Management Agencies

Civil Society & NGOs

- Community organizations
 (social, gender, cultural, age, language, religious ...)
- Trade, business organizationsDisaster response & relief

Government Agencies:

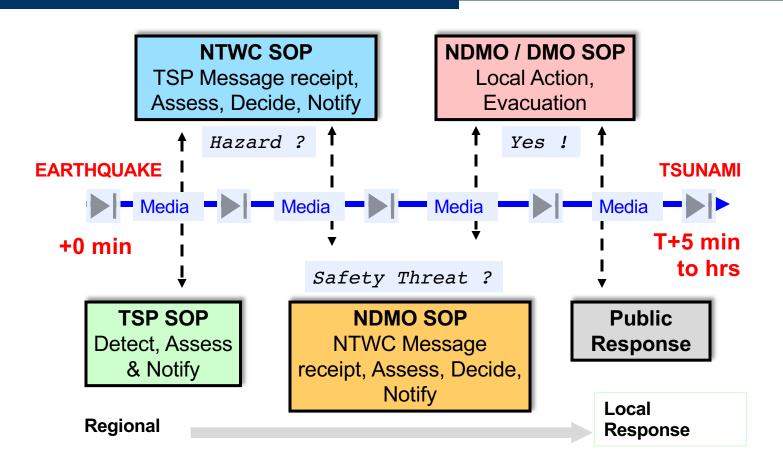
- Planning & Development
- Transportation
- Health & Education
- Coastal Management
- Social Services

Other:

- Media
- Utilities
- Tourism
- International Agencies



End-to-End Warning and Response







Build Strong, Reliable Systems Science & Technology

- **Earthquake Monitoring and Analysis**
- Tsunami Monitoring and Detection
- Forecast Modeling
- Warning Communications
- Hazard Risk Assess Paleotsunami history
- Hazard Risk Assess Engineer Strong Structures
- Hazard Risk Assess Ports and Harbors Policy











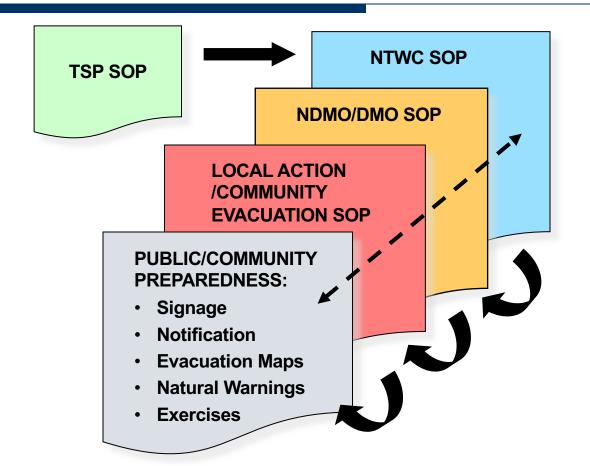


Tsunami Early Warning: What needs to be in place to save lives - warn, respond

- Warn. Early Detection, Assess, Rapid Alerting Earthquake triggers. Forecast gives threat. Sea Level Monitoring confirms tsunami
- Respond. Community at risk, Evacuate, Safe Return Pre-event planning, maps, and practice exercises Hazard Risk assessment – vulnerable communities



Warning Chain – set of linked SOPs





Plans & Procedures (SOPs): Practice

A perfect warning will be useless if people do not know what to do in case of an emergency







Build Strong & Reliable Systems Preparedness

Education and Awareness

Indigenous Knowledge

Evacuation

Exercises

Training







Tsunami Emergency Response:

Alerting a Prepared Public to Evacuate Beaches

- Early and Sustained Education and Awareness
- How will Alerts be quickly disseminated?
- What to expect? Which communities?
- Evacuation What to do? Where to go?
 - 1st choice: Inland to higher ground
 - Last choice: vertical evacuation

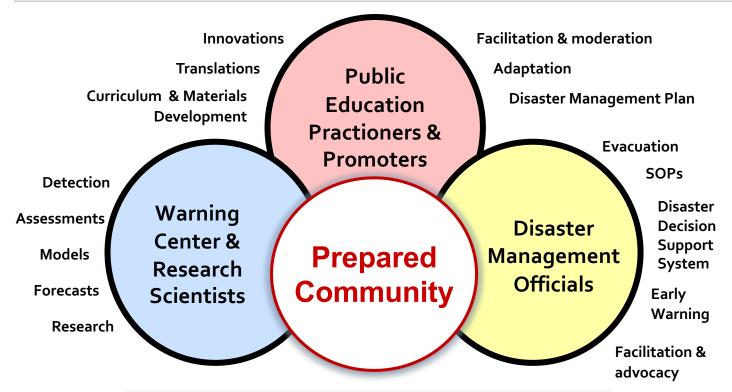








Community Preparedness is collaborative





GOAL: Disaster-resilient community "TSUNAMI READY"





Tsunami Evacuation Maps, Plans, and Procedures (TEMPPs)

... communities knowing what to do and where to go

ITIC Essential Community Preparedness Capacity Building, Honduras, Central America, 2015-16



















Great East Japan Tsunami Warning decision point, Evacuation, and Human Response

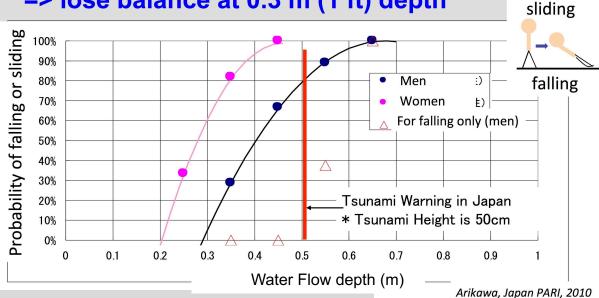
Deciding to issue warnings – Facts



- ☐ JMA Warning timely, incl wave forecast 3+ m (but was underestimate)
- □ Small waves can be dangerous Laboratory expts show waves 30 cm flow depth cause people to lose balance / cars to float
- □ Swift-moving waves are dangerous especially later waves as debris-laden rivers and/or walls of water.
- □ Most people evacuated. Some did not. Only 5% died, nonetheless, it was ~18,000
- ⇒ NTWC DECISIONS MUST BE CONSERVATIVE (ENSURE SAFETY)
- ⇒ FOR LOCAL, PUBLIC SELF-EVACUATES DO NOT WAIT FOR NTWC

Flow Depth – Humans

Preliminary Results:
Probability of falling or sliding
=> lose balance at 0.3 m (1 ft) depth





Velocity > 2-3 m/s (7-11 km/hr, 4-7 mph, 4-6 kts)

Onagawa, Miyagi Pref.



www.town.onagawa.miyagi.jp:

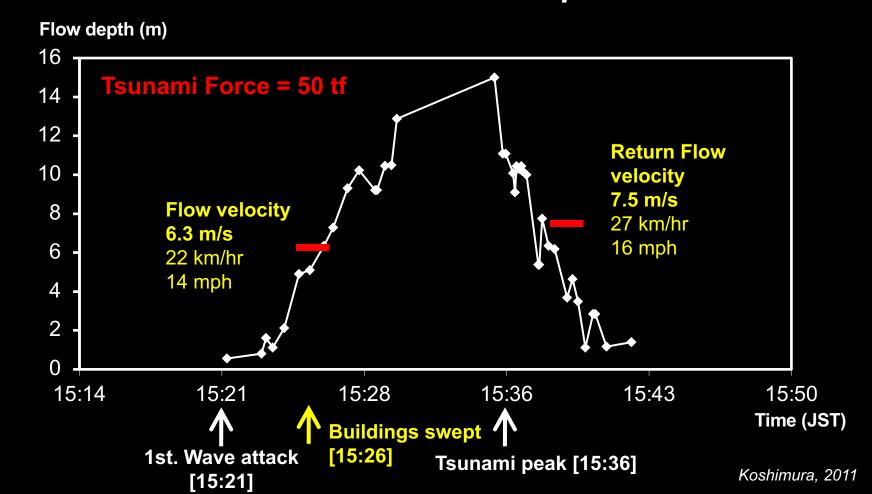
Fatality: 455, Missing: 739 (Pop.10,010). 12% of population were killed or missing. Destroyed houses/buildings: 4432. 70% of houses in town was severely damaged.



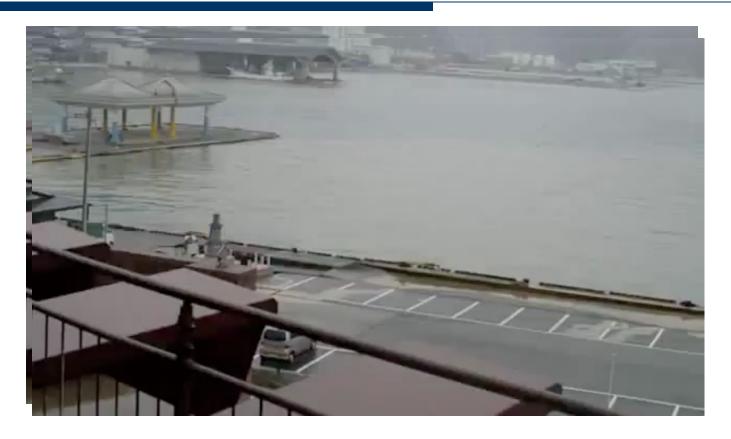




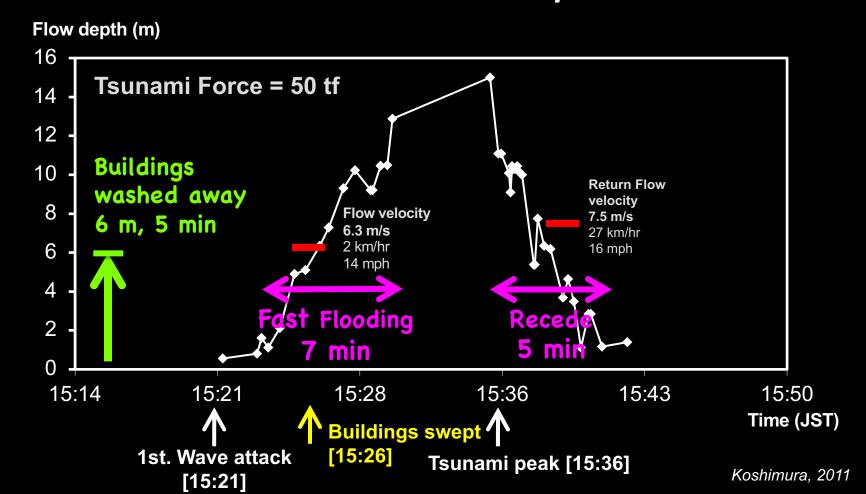
Time series of tsunami inundation interpreted from video



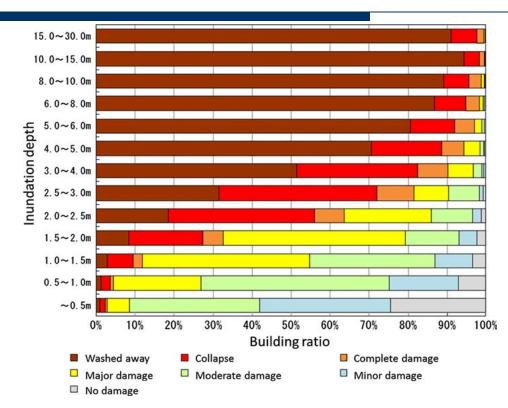
Onagawa, Japan



Time series of tsunami inundation interpreted from video



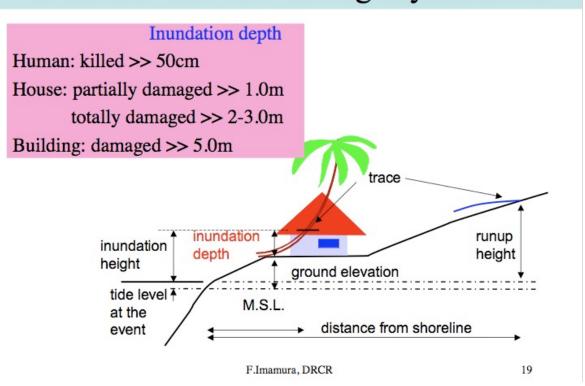
Flow Depth - Building Damage



11 March 2011 Data: Fig. 2 Distribution of the total 251,301 building data surveyed by MLIT (2012) Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and transportation (MLIT): Survey of tsunami damage condition: http://www.mlit.go.jp/toshi/toshi-hukkou-arkaibu.html. Accessed 4 July 2012

Tsunami Impact - summary

Criteria to estimate damage by tsunamis



Expect Fast Flooding - Have a Personal Plan











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Thank You Muchas Gracias

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